



Education Consultancy

Edexcel GCSE Mathematics MORE NEGATIVE NUMBERS

Materials Required:

- Pen
- HB Pencil
- Ruler (in centimetres and millimetres)
 - Protractor
 - Compass

Information:

- The marks allocated for each question are displayed within brackets – utilise this information to gauge the appropriate amount of time to dedicate to each question
- Questions marked with an asterisk (*) will assess your written communication; be careful of spelling, punctuation and grammar with these questions

Instructions:

- Use a black ink pen to answer all questions
 - Fill your name in the section below
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
 Show your working out for all answers

Advice:

- Carefully read the question before attempting to answer it
- Be vary of time and try to answer every question
- If you have enough time in the end, go back and check your answers. A good way to check your answers is to retry the question with the hope of getting the same answer as before without looking at your working out from before

NO CALCULATOR ALLOWED

NAME:	

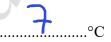
1. Sally wrote down the temperature at different times on 1st January 2003.

Time	Temperature
midnight	−6 °C
4 am	−10 °C
8 am	−4 °C
noon	7 °C
3 pm	6 °C
7 pm	−2 °C

(a)

Write down

(i) the **highest** temperature,



(ii) the **lowest** temperature.

- (b) Work out the difference in the temperature between
 - (i) 4 am and 8 am,



6 °C

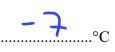
(ii) 3 pm and 7 pm.

<u>&</u>°C

At 11 pm that day the temperature had fallen by 5 °C from its value at 7 pm.

(c) Work out the temperature at 11 pm.

-2°c - 5°c = -7°c



(1) (5 marks) 2. The table shows temperatures at midnight and midday on one day in five cities.

City	Midnight Temperature	Midday Temperature	Temperature increase		
Belfast	−3 °C	4 °C	7%		
Cambridge	−1 °C	4 °C	S°C		
Edinburgh	−7 °C	−1 °C	6°C		
Manchester	−6 °C	3 °C	900		
London	−2 °C	6 °C	8°C		

(a) Which city had the lowest midnight temperature?



(1)

(b) How many degrees higher was the midnight temperature in Cambridge than the midnight temperature in Manchester?

(1)

(c) Which city had the greatest rise in temperature from midnight to midday?



(1)

(1)

(3 marks)

- 3. At **midnight**, the temperature was -8°C. By 10:00, the temperature had increased by 6°C.
 - (a) Work out the temperature at 10:00

$$-8 + 6 = -2$$

By midday, the temperature was 4°C.

(b) Work out the difference between the temperature at midday and the temperature at **midnight**.

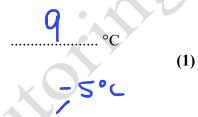


(5 marks)

4. The table shows the temperatures in four cities at noon one day.

Oslo	−13°C
New York	−5°C
Cape Town	9°C
London	2°C

(a) Write down the **highest** temperature.



(b) Work out the difference in temperature between Oslo and New York.

(c) Work out the difference in temperature between Cape Town and Oslo.

At 8 pm the temperature in London was 3°C lower than the temperature at noon.

(d) Work out the temperature in London at 8 pm.

$$2^{\circ}C - 3^{\circ}C = -1^{\circ}C$$
(1)

(4 marks)

5. The table shows the temperatures at midnight in 6 cities during one night in 2006

City	Temperature
Berlin	5°C
London	10°C
Moscow	−3°C
New York	2°C
Oslo	−8°C
Paris	7°C

(a)

Write down the city which had the lowest temperature.

(b) Work out the difference in temperature between London and Moscow.

6. At midnight, the temperature was -5° C.

By 9 am the next morning, the temperature had increased by 3°C.

(a) Work out the temperature at 9 am the next morning.

$$-5^{\circ}C + 3^{\circ}C = -2^{\circ}C$$
 (1)

At midday, the temperature was 7°C.

(b) Work out the difference between the temperature a midday and the temperature at midnight.



7. The table shows the midday temperatures in 4 different cities on Monday.

City	Midday temperature (°C)		
Belfast	5		
Cardiff	-1		
Glasgow	-6		
London	-4		

(a) Which city had the lowest temperature?

Glasgon

(b) Work out the difference between the temperature in Cardiff and the temperature in Belfast.

.....6 C

By Tuesday, the midday temperature in London had risen by 7 °C.

(c) Work out the midday temperature in London on Tuesday.

.....<u>3</u>..... c

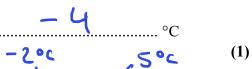
(1) (3 marks)

8.

City	Temperature
Cardiff	−2 °C
Edinburgh	−4 °C
Leeds	2 °C
London	−1 °C
Plymouth	5 °C

The table gives information about the temperatures at midnight in 5 cities.

(a) Write down the lowest temperature.



(b) Work out the difference in temperature between Cardiff and Plymouth.

__________°C

(1)

(c) Work out the temperature which is halfway between -1°C and 5°C.



9. Samina recorded the maximum temperature and the minimum temperature on each of six days in January.

The table shows her results.

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
Maximum Temperature	1 °C	3 °C	2 °C	0 °C	3 °C	4 °C
Minimum Temperature	-4 °C	−2 °C	-4 °C	-5 °C	−3 °C	−2 °C

(a) Write down the lowest temperature.



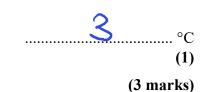
(b) Work out the difference between the maximum temperature on Wednesday and the minimum temperature on Wednesday.

$$MQx = 2^{\circ}C$$

$$MiQ = -4^{\circ}C$$
(1)

The minimum temperature on Sunday was 5 °C higher than the minimum temperature on Saturday.

(c) Work out the minimum temperature on Sunday.



10. The table shows the temperature on the surface of each of five planets.

Planet	Temperature
Venus	480 °C
Mars	− 60 °C
Jupiter	− 150 °C
Saturn	− 180 °C
Uranus	−210 °C

(a)

Work out the difference in temperature between Mars and Jupiter.

90...°C (1)

(b) V	Vork out the differenc	e in tempera	ture betwee	n Venus and	l Mars.	540	°C (1)
(c) V	Vhich planet has a ten	nperature 30	°C higher t	han the tem	•	on Saturn?	2(1)
The	temperature on Pluto	is 20 °C low	er than the	emperature		_	
(d)	Work out the temper	rature on Plu	ıto.			-230	°C (1) (4 marks)
11.	The table shows the	highest and	lowest tem	peratures or	ne day in	London and l	
			Highest	Lowest		·	
		т 1					
		London	8°C	-6°C	-		
		Moscow	−3°C	−8°C			
(a)	Work out the differe lowest temperature is		the lowest	temperature	in Lond	don and the	
			Y			°c	
							(1)
(b)	Work out the differe	nce between	the highest	and lowest	tempera	ature in Londo	n.
	3001					\ <u>\</u>	; (1)
<u> </u>	7						(1) <u>(2 marks)</u>
	7						

12. At midnight, the temperature was -5° C.

By 9 am the next morning, the temperature had increased by 3°C.

(a) Work out the temperature at 9 am the next morning.



At midday, the temperature was 7°C.

(b) Work out the difference between the temperature at midday and the temperature at midnight.



(c) Work out the temperature which is halfway between -5° C and 7° C.

